

DDoS Attacks on NTP Servers affecting some GNSS receivers

800 Freddy Blume November 23, 2015 [Javad](#), [Trimble NetR5](#), [Trimble NetR8](#), [Trimble NetR9](#)
4645

There have recently been widespread attacks by internet gamers on Network Time (NTP) servers - many computers, servers, and devices run these, and some GNSS receivers have proven to be vulnerable.

See this article for a good description of the issue:
[NTP Amplification Flaw To Blame For Gaming DDoS Attacks | Threatpost](#)

Our immediate recommendation is that any new-generation JAVAD or Trimble NetR5, NetR8, or NetR9 GNSS receiver (with firmware versions 4.81 or earlier) that has a direct connection to the internet - i.e. a public IP address with no firewall router, cellular modem or VSAT/BGAN in its communication path - should have its NTP server disabled and/or IP Filtering enabled as soon as possible.

NTP servers are left enabled by default on these devices although only a small minority of users require this functionality.

The server can be disabled in the "Network Configuration -> NTP" tab of a Trimble NetR5, NetR8, or NetR9 on the web interface. The recommended configuration will be:

NTP Configuration

Receiver Status
Satellites
Web Services
Data Logging
Receiver Configuration
I/O Configuration
Bluetooth
OmniSTAR
Network Configuration
Summary
Ethernet
DNS Configuration
PPP
Routing Table
IP Filtering
E-Mail Client
E-Mail Alerts
HTTP
Proxy
FTP
Configure TCC
NTP

Client

External Time Servers	NTP Port
time-a.nist.gov	123
ntp1.npl.co.uk	123
pool.ntp.org	123

Enable NTP client

Server

Enable NTP server

Reference clock offset [ns]

OK Cancel

Please see the following Trimble Document for general recommendations regarding the internet security of their devices:

[Trimble NetRx Series Receivers: Security Features, Guidelines, and Recommendations](#)

14 February, 2014: Trimble released firmware version 4.85 for NetR5, NetR8, and NetR9 that eliminates the NTP vulnerability along with many other features and fixes. 4.85 is currently under formal evaluation by the UNAVCO Development and Testing group and will be posted on appropriate KnowledgeBase pages. In the meantime qualified users can download the firmware and find release notes at [Trimble's support page](#).

Any current-generation JAVAD receivers with similar data communications should have their NTP servers moved to an alternate port; (it is not possible to disable the server) using the following GREIS commands, the second of which will restart the receiver:

```
set,/par/net/ntp/port,1234  
set,/par/reset,yes
```

Trimble NetRS and other brands of GNSS receivers do NOT appear to be vulnerable to these attacks, but we still recommend that all internet security on any device be reviewed for possible vulnerability to this and other threats.

Super-users and system administrators may run a diagnostic command to determine if any given device is vulnerable or under attack to the current NTP (replacing the X's with the IP address or URL of your device)

```
sudo nmap -sU -pU:123 -Pn -n --script=ntp-monlist XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX
```

An immediate response that shows a large number of connected servers indicates that the device is currently under attack, while a delayed response indicates that the device is not vulnerable.

If you are operating any other devices with direct internet exposure you should contact your local IT Staff to determine whether a vulnerability needs to be addressed.

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Online URL:

<https://kb.unavco.org/article/ddos-attacks-on-ntp-servers-affecting-some-gnss-receivers-800.html>